SAFE CLEAN FAIR & GREEN

AN AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE MOBILITY POST-2015

LEIPZIG, GERMANY, WEDNESDAY 21 MAY 2014



Saul Billingsley Director General, FIA Foundation







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IMPROVE URBAN AIR QUALITY

CLEÁ

IMPROVE URBAN AIR QUALITY

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FAIR

ACCESS TO MOBILITY FOR ALL

IMPROVE URBAN AIR QUALITY

ACCESS TO MOBILITY FOR ALL

FAIR

GREE

50% FUEL EFFICIENCY GAIN



The case for Post-2015 action



The case for Post-2015 action







CLEAN FAIR & GREEN

OUR POST-2015 MOBILITY AGENDA

The United Nations is currently consulting on the agenda for global development policy post-2015. The FIA Foundation is advocating for safe and sustainable transport to be recognised as a new priority in these 'Sustainable Development Goals'. Addressing road safety, air quality, transport and fuel economy can play an important cross-cutting role in reducing health burdens; promoting green mobility; ensuring sustainable energy use; and improving quality of life and economic opportunities for millions. Safe, Clean, Fair & Green is our agenda for the post-2015 debate.

SAFE

MASHAURT



Incubating innovation: road safety

Legislation, enforcement & mass action on motorcycle helmets





International Road Assessment Programme



'Safe Schools': piloting road improvements & speed reduction





Catalysing funding, far more needed

Increase in road safety lending since World Bank Global Road Safety Facility was established with FIA Foundation support





Incubating innovation: liveable cities





Partnering for impact: cleaner air

Ghana Blood lead levels



Use of leaded fuel eliminated (almost), with huge societal benefits

Improve your childrens IQ.



Atrospheric lead form leaded proto is clusing a significant 10 loss in chifter. by enimicating lead, United Petrol allows chifterirs' minds to develop remain

NLEADED PETROL

Now focusing on small particulate matter through low sulfur fuels and vehicles emissions standards



CONTAINS



Partnering for impact: fuel economy



Post-2015: designing and delivering targets

- Applicable to all countries, all incomes
- e.g. road fatality target: H.I. : 4 per 100,000 M.I. : 8 per 100,000 L.I. : 12 per 100,000



14 Könnern

Löbeiün

Domnitz

UN Open Working Group

Currently, road safety, air quality and fuel economy are all included in 'Focus areas' including health, sustainable cities and energy.

We <u>all</u> need to work to ensure they remain, and are translated into firm targets with political support and resourcing.





Fuel Economy in the Post-2015 Agenda





Road Safety in the Post-2015 Agenda

"I call for more concerted action on **road safety** as part of the future development agenda. This will be a **vital component** of efforts to improve health and save lives in the years ahead." Ban Ki-Moon, November 2013





April 2014, UN General Assembly Resolution:

Brazil offers to host **Global Ministerial** Conference on Road Safety in **2015**





Long Short Walk



Koračam bezbedno za... SU BEZBEDNI PUTEVI ZA SVE

m walking for ...





(1)

REE

makeroadssafe.org/zenani





MY World: UN Global Survey for Post-2015







Cristian Bowen Vice Minister, Minister of Transport and Communications, Chile





Chile: Working with GFEI on Fuel economy policy Conciliate increasing mobility with low emissions and energy consumption



Ministerio de Transportes y Telecomunicaciones

> Cristian Bowen Vice Minister of Transport @cristianbowen

Gobierno de Chile

May 2013

Agenda

CONTEXT

- General status of Chile
- Empowered Citizenship
- Emission Control and Energy Consumption

WHAT ARE WE DOING?

- Citizen Participation
- Pollution and Energy Efficiency

FUTURE CHALLENGES

CONTEXT

Gobierno de Chile | Subsecretaría de Transportes



Gobierno de Chil

General Status of Chile





General Status of Chile



Trends show that in Chile the motorization rate will continue to grow



Source: Transport Outlook 2011, International Transport Forum



Gobierno de Chi

Empowered Citizenship

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New Conditions

Each time more educated population

Evolución de la población 18-24 años, matrícula y cobertura en la Educación Superior en Chile 1990-2012





Gobierno de Chile

Emission Control and Energy Consumption

Emission Control and Energy Consumption

A little history

- We started (in the mid-90s) a program of public policy focusing in improving air quality in cities
- We established a schedule of emissions regulations for new vehicles, which has evolved since EURO III to EURO V
- We implemented a laboratory to certificate new vehicles entering the country
- We improved quality of the fuel (sulfur content less than 15 ppm)





But...turning to Energy Efficiency

- Transportation has the highest energy consumption in Chile, with 33% of total energy use, being land transport the most involved, with 80% of it*
- Transport accounts for 25% of total national energy efficiency potential by 2020**
- Therefore is critical to achieve the development of projects aimed to establish an efficient use of energy resources in transportation

*According to the National Energy Balance 2010 (BNE)

** Source: Studies and Energy Program, Universidad de Chile (PRIEN)



ARE WE



Citizen Participation

Citizen Participation



- Participative Committee Pro Mobility, with proposals agreed with the community to improve mobility in our cities
- 2. Board of Civil Society, composed of civil non profit organizations
- The first regional Hackathon (at Concepción City): The new age of big data, with the state as a information provider and encouraging the co-creation with citizens and companies



Pollution and Energy Efficiency

1. Evaluate and improve public transportation systems in the main cities of the country

2. Efficiently transport sy		E			
			Buses /hr	Partículas Ultrafinas PM 10-40	elopment of
•	Subsi	2006	83	42.898] -
		2013	103	30.116	•
		Variación		-30%	



3. Energy Consumption Labelling for Lightweight Motor Vehicles to share parameters of vehicular consumption and carbon dioxide





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4. Plan "Renew your Bus " to improve quality of buses, safer, better and cleaner technology. Economic incentives to allow the destruction of old machines and replace them.
Subsidies: USD 30.000.000
2.500 buses nationwide
Age: Outgoing buses (20 years) VS Incoming buses (6 years)





- We need to face more organized communities: co-creating public policy
- We need to create policies that really promote public transportation and non-motorized modes, while people are increasing incomes
- In terms of energy efficiency, we are going to face technological non marginal changes (hydrogen, electric, hybrid, or another?). What are we going to do?

We are facing huge changes in our world and development of a more efficient system of transportation needs to be aware of that. Let's work together because I'm sure we will pass the exam.

Thanks

Name: Cristian Bowen, Vice Minister of Transport, Chile Email: cristian.bowen@mtt.gob.cl Date: May 2014

Jose-Luis Irigoyen Transport Director, World Bank





Transport for Health The Global Burden of Disease from Motorized Road Transport

Jose Luis Irigoyen Director, Transport, Water and Information & Communications Technology



TRANSPORT FOR HEALTH

THE GLOBAL BURDEN OF DISEASE FROM MOTORIZED ROAD TRANSPORT

FORE WORD BY WORLD BANK GROUP PRESIDENT JIM YONG KIM

GLOBAL ROAD SAFETY FACILITY THE WORLD BANK GROUP INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH METRICS AND EVALUATION UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON





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Transport contributes to 6 of the top 10 death causes

Table 1: Leading causes of death worldwide, associated DALYs, and burden attributable to motorized road transport, 2010

		Global burde	en of disease	Burden attributable to motorized road transport	
Rank	Cause	Deaths	DALYs	Deaths	DALYs
1	lschemic heart disease	7,029,270	129,795,464	90,639	1,909,563
2	Stroke	5,874,181	102,238,999	58,827	1,148,699
3	COPD	2,899,941	76,778,819	17,266	346,376
4	Lower respiratory infections	2,814,379	115,227,062	5,670	489,540
5	Lung cancer	1,527,102	32,405,411	11,395	232,646
6	HIV/AIDS	1,465,369	81,549,177	-	-
7	Diarrheal diseases	1,445,798	89,523,909	-	-
8	Road injury	1,328,536	75,487,102	1,328,536	75,487,104
9	Diabetes mellitus	1,281,345	46,857,136	-	-
10	Tuberculosis	1,195,990	49,399,351	-	-
	All other causes	24,207,527	1,682,995,639	-	_
	Total	52,769,676	2,482,258,070	1,512,333	79,613,928

Road deaths (in blue) are dominant in all world regions



Figure 7: Death rates from injuries and air pollution due to motorized road transport, 2010

Death rate (per 100,000)

Report confirms under-reporting of road traffic deaths

China	India
Reported road death toll : 62,225	Reported road death toll : 130,037
GBD 2010 estimates: 283,000	GBD 2010 estimates: 274,000
WHO estimates: 275,983	WHO estimates: 231,027
Underreporting: 334%	Underreporting: 111%

Transport for Health: Recommendations

- Scale up road safety programs and crash reporting capacity
- Promote strong institutional development and multisectoral collaboration
- Commit resources to realize the health and economic gains from safe and clean transit systems
- Systematically account for the health impact of road projects
- http//:www.worldbank.org/grsf



Sheila Watson Director of Environment, FIA Foundation







Global Fuel Economy Initiative – Next Steps



Sheila Watson ITF - Leipzig May 21st 2014





The Global Fleet...

2.5

... is set to increase by 2.5 times.... with 90% of this growth taking place in developing countries.....





Source: IEA Energy Technology Perspectives, 2012



Energy Security



Source: IEA's - likely demand for oil-based fuels - ITP 2013

By 2050, in comparison with a scenario considering current policies (4DS) improved energy efficiency of transport vehicles can reduce transport energy demand by 25% (Improve) 20% energy savings can avoided/shifted transport to more efficient modes (Avoid/Shifts) Combined, these two contributions lead to 35% lower energy demand (2DS)

THE TRANSPORTATION SECTOR A major contributor to global energy-related CO₂ emissions





Sources:

ICCT (2014). Global Transportation Roadmap Model. Version 2.0. More information available at http://www.theicct.org/global-transportation-roadmap-model. IEA (2012). CO2 Emissions from Fuel Combustion: Highlights. 2012 edition. Retrieved from https://www.iea.org/co2highlights/co2highlights.pdf.

Air Pollution

SCHOOL

805

MOTREN UP

World Health Organization: small PM is affecting more people than any other pollutant...

...with ~3.2 mln premature deaths annually....

...this is growing problem, with an 11% increase globally in deaths from air pollution in the past 20 years – as the Global Burden of Disease report released yesterday shows

IEA estimates that the world will invest USD 400 trillion in fuels and vehicles by 2050.....

- what personal mobility systems will we use?...
- what vehicles will we buy?...
- running on what fuels, and what kind of roads?...
- with what energy, health and climate impacts?...
- how can we influence this vast investment?



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Global Fuel Economy Initiative

Secretariat based at FIA Foundation Six core partners: FIA Foundation, UNEP, IEA, ITF, ICCT and UC Davis, financial support from GEF and EU

THE GFEI FUEL ECONOMY TARGETS From 2005 baseline:



50%

reduction in L/100km by 2020 in all new cars in OECD countries



by 2050 in all cars globally





GFEI recognized as leading initiative in energy and climate reports and discussions

Benefits:

- \$ 2 trillion net fuel savings by 2030
- 6 billion barrels of oil saved by 2050
- 2gtonnes of CO2 annually by 2050





UCDAVIS INSTITUTE OF TRANSPORTATION STUDIES







Historical fleet fuel consumption performance and current or proposed standards



Research

 State of the World
 Cost-benefit of fuel economy policies (\$2 trillion net savings by 2030)

And in 2014.....

- IEA data analysis
- Green labelling
- On-road performance and off-road testing (clubs)
- FE for car importers





Fuel Economy State of the World 2014

The World is Shifting into Gear on Fuel Economy



<u>In-country:</u> - Kenya

- Chile
- Georgia

And in 2014.....

- China
- Russia

gef

- Mexico
 - Middles East
 - Caribbean

<u>Global Awareness</u> <u>Raising</u>

Rio+20

G20

SE4ALL

Sec Gen's Climate Summit

POST 2015 Framework

GFEI made a commitment as part of SLoCat's transport group

Energy Efficiency is a key component - Working with US Government/Australia

GFEI is a High Impact Opportunity under the Se4ALL Initiative, and as such has had success as part of the SDG development process

GFEI is a potential accelerator at the Sec Gen's Climate Summite

GFEI is supporting an energy band transport target on fuel economy/efficiency

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

'To double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency in transport' (High Level Panel – 2013)

There is a need for policy interventions that encourage....increased vehicle efficiency' (UN Habitat – 2013)



Air pollution

Double people living within WHO limits by 2030

Climate & energy

Double the efficiency of the global fleet by 2050



Fuel Economy and the UN's Post 2015 Sustainable Development Goals

The Global Fuel Economy Initiative (GFEI) has shown that fuel economy Improvements from conventional internal combustion engine cars can save a staggering \$2 trillion in un-used fuel over the next decade, freeing up those valuable resources for other development priorities, such as education, health, infrastructure, or indeed the promotion of other transport technologies or modes such as electric vehicles.

Cost-effective technology improvements such as weight reduction, and stop-start hybridization, could keep fuel demand steady by 2050 – even with the predicted tripling of the global fleet – and thereby save close to half of the CO₂ emissions from cars by this date. But we need a global commitment to fuel economy if we are to see the policies put in place to achieve this.











May 4-5, Abu Dhabi Ascent ITF Leipzig, May 21-23rd SE4All Forum, New York, June 4-6, 2014

GFEI Accelerator Meeting Paris July 4th 2014

UN Secretary General Climate Summit, New York, September 23, 2014

G20 Annual Meeting, Brisbane, November 2014

COP, Paris 2015

SDGs, NYC 2015

GFEI's Accelerator Symposium July 4th 2014 - Quai D'Orsey, Paris.

Co-hosted by the French Government, where we will be developing a Commitment at the US SG Summit in September 2014

What can you do?

Participate and become part of the commitment

Show that your commitment to energy efficiency in transport is real!



THANK YOU

HE ITO

http://globalfueleconomy.org

@GlobalFuelEcon



SAFE

GREEN

HONG KOK

#ITF2014 #Climate2014 #SE4ALL #SDGs #post2015 #fuelecon2030

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